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GOALS OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AS THE KEY TO THE FUTURE OF THE PLANET

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On our planet, humanity has always evolved in different directions, and this development went along with increasing the use of natural resources. With each stage of development, the use of our planet's natural resources has grown, and today we can no longer continue to use the planet's resources without thinking, regardless of how our future generations will live.

In 1987, the UN World Commission on Environment and Development identified sustainable development as meeting the needs of today, without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs [1].

The United Nations Environment Program (UNEP) established 17 key goals in 2015, which will allow the world to continue to exist while maintaining sustainable development. Namely, the following goals: no poverty, zero hunger, good health and well-being, quality education, gender equality, clean water and sanitation, affordable and clean energy, decent work and economic growth, industry, innovation and infrastructure, reduced inequalities, steel cities and communities, sustainable consumption and production, climate action, underwater life, life on earth, peace, justice and strong institutions, partnership for goals [2].



Figure 1 - Sustainable development goals

Each of these goals contains several sub-goals, the achievement of which is an inevitable step in creating a world of sustainable development. All these sub-goals have an economic, environmental, social character. For now, in the approved document, the implementation of the targets is mainly calculated until 2030. Let's divide the known under the purposes on groups economic, social and ecological.

Economic: sustainable agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, help maintain ecosystems; expand international cooperation by 2030 to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology; expand infrastructure and modernize technologies to provide modern and sustainable energy services to all developing countries; development of quality and reliable, sustainable and sustainable infrastructure, including regional and cross-border infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being; increase the share of industry in employment and gross domestic product in accordance with national conditions and double its share in the least developed countries; upgrade infrastructure and modernize industries to make them more sustainable, more resource efficient and more clean and environmentally friendly technologies and industrial processes.

Social: increase the resilience of the poor and vulnerable, ensure sustainable food production systems; ensure that all students acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development; carry out reforms to give women equal rights; ensure access to safe accessible, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all by 2030, improving road safety, in particular by expanding public transport; improve education, awareness to mitigate the effects of climate change; promoting the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensuring equal access to justice for all.

Environmental: to develop methods of strengthening and adapting agricultural production to climate change; support the genetic diversity of seeds, crops, farm and domestic animals and related wild species; significantly reduce the number of deaths and diseases from harmful chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and pollution; provide universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services; significantly increase the share of renewable energy in the world energy balance; increase resilience and adaptability to climate hazards and natural disasters in all countries; integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning.

How one can look at such a division into economic, social and environmental aspects is possible but not ideal because there is a crossover of goals and some are possible only after others, yet such a division allows us to see exactly what problems need to be addressed from today to a possible deadline.

The challenge for humanity by 2030 is to achieve these seventeen goals and many of the sub-goals described above. The path to sustainable development is very difficult and thorny, but humanity needs to achieve its goals to ensure the prosperity of the entire planet in the future.

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